

UNITATE VIEW ON LANALYSIS SUMMARY SHEEP ENTERPRISE ANALYSIS SUMMARY PRELIMINARY REPORT PRELIMINARY REPORT John Molenhuis Business Analysis and Cost of

Production Program Lead

Ministry of Agriculture, Food and Rural Affairs

Objectives

POntario

• 2011 Individual & Summary Report – quick review

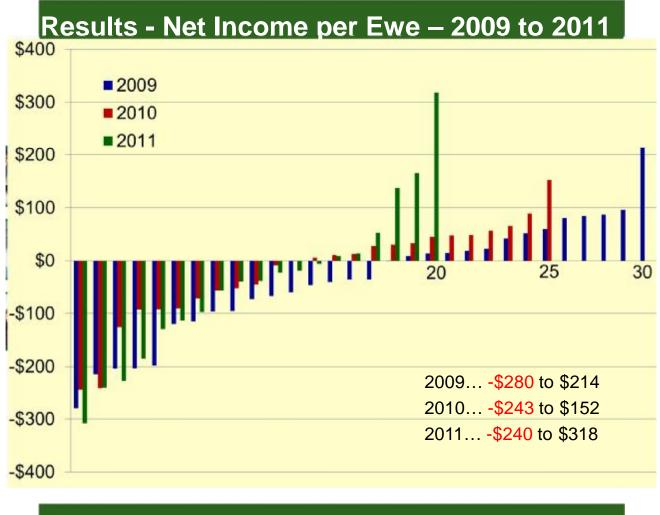


Top 10 Management Surveys

- 2010 & 2011 -

- 2011 and 3 year overview of financial results
- Materials to have on hand
 - Group and individual summary reports sent last week





Top 10 Finishers

14 farms over the 3 years



- -6 farms in the top 10 all 3 years
- -4 farms 2 years

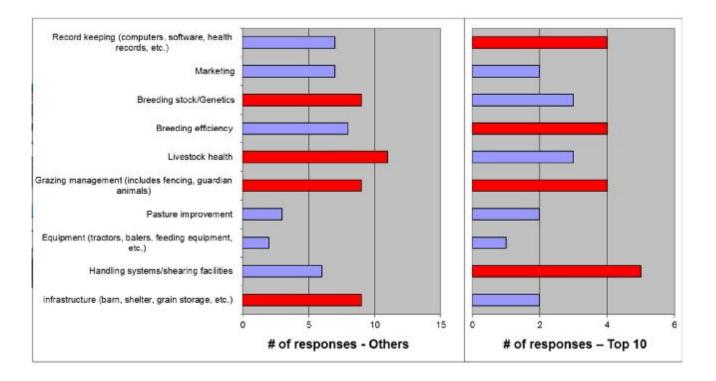


-4 farms - 1 year

Top 10 Profile – from mgmt survey (2009)

| | Тор 10 | Others |
|---------------------------------------|--------|--------|
| Average age | 48 | 42 |
| Years Raising Sheep | 21 | 14 |
| Years working on other livestock farm | s 17 | 14 |
| Number of dependents | 2.3 | 2.8 |

Top Management Practices



Computer use

| | | Тор 10 | Others |
|---|---|--------|--------|
| | Computer for management | 80% | 95% |
| 3 | Check market prices (regularly) | 80% | 42% |
| | Electronic individual livestock records | 60% | 33% |
| | Electronic Flock Management records | 70% | 25% |
| | Genetic records | 40% | 17% |
| | Market your business | 40% | 25% |

Record on your flock and use for Genetic Selection

| | Тор 10 | Others |
|----------------------|--------|--------|
| Milking ability | 70% | 50% |
| Lambs born per ewe | 90% | 63% |
| Lambs weaned per ewe | 80% | 50% |
| # weaned | 70% | 50% |

Handling Facilities

| | | Тор 10 | Others |
|----|-------------------------------------|--------|--------|
| | Uncovered raceway and handling area | 40% | 25% |
| | Covered raceway and handling area | 70% | 42% |
| | Portable handling facilities | 60% | 50% |
| | Permanent shearing facilities | 60% | 33% |
| 7- | Shearing chute | 30% | 33% |
| | Loading chute | 80% | 54% |

Predation Control Methods

| | Top 10 & Others | Effectiveness Rating |
|-----------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|
| | | Rank |
| Dogs | 70% | 1 |
| Llamas | 30% | 4 |
| Donkeys | 10% | 5 |
| High tensile 6" page | 40% | 2 |
| Electric high tensile | 50% | 3 |
| o 10 – | | |

Тор

5 used 1 method, 1 used 2, 3 used 3 and 1 used 5 different methods

Financial Measures





- Current Ratio
- Debt to Equity
- Debt repayment capacity

Profitability (page (a) & 5)

Operating Profit Margin =





Net Farm Income + Interest Gross Farm Income





| | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 3 yr Avg |
|------|--------|--------|-------|----------|
| Avg | 12.9 % | 20.6 % | 21.7% | 18.4% |
| High | 24.8% | 24.7% | 31.6% | 27.0% |

How well the business is able to generate a profit



Return on Assets (ROA) ROA = <u>Net Farm Income + Interest</u> Total Assets



Target: Greater than 5 %



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| | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 3 yr Avg |
|------|-------|------|------|----------|
| Avg | 2.2 % | 3.8% | 4.3% | 3.4% |
| High | 4.6% | 5.3% | 7.8% | 5.9% |

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Financial Efficiency (page 5)

- How well are assets being used?
- Over capitalized?



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Asset turnover = <u>Gross Farm Income</u> Total Assets

Target:

Greater than 0.40

Every dollar invested in assets is generating 40 cents in sales

| | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 3 yr Avg |
|------|------|------|------|----------|
| Avg | 0.15 | 0.19 | 0.20 | 0.18 |
| High | 0.18 | 0.21 | 0.25 | 0.21 |



• Can you pay your bills as they come due

| Curre | Current ratio = <u>Current assets</u> Current liabilities | | | | | | |
|-------|--|------|------|--|----------|--|--|
| | 2009 2010 2011 3 | | | | B yr Avg | | |
| Avg | 1.72 | 1.91 | 4.34 | | 2.66 | | |
| High | 2.68 | 2.00 | 5.97 | | 3.55 | | |

- 2011
 - better crop values
 - lower operating loans

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Solvency (page 4)

 How much you are relying on debt to finance the business



Debt to Equity = <u>Total Debt</u> Equity

Target:

Less than 0.40

For every \$ of equity there is 40 cents of debt

| | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 3 yr Avg |
|------|------|------|------|----------|
| Avg | 0.35 | 0.19 | 0.29 | 0.28 |
| High | 0.25 | 0.21 | 0.19 | 0.22 |

Target:

• Measures the ability of a borrower to repay term farm debt from farm and non-farm income.



Debt Servicing Capacity = <u>Cash available for debt payments</u> Debt payments



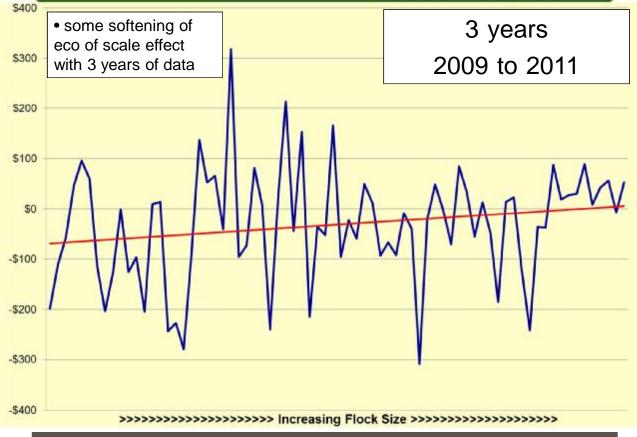
| | Greater than 1.50 | | | |
|------|-------------------|------|------|----------|
| | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 3 yr Avg |
| Avg | 1.64 | 2.40 | 4.07 | 2.70 |
| High | 3.57 | 3.48 | 7.08 | 4.71 |

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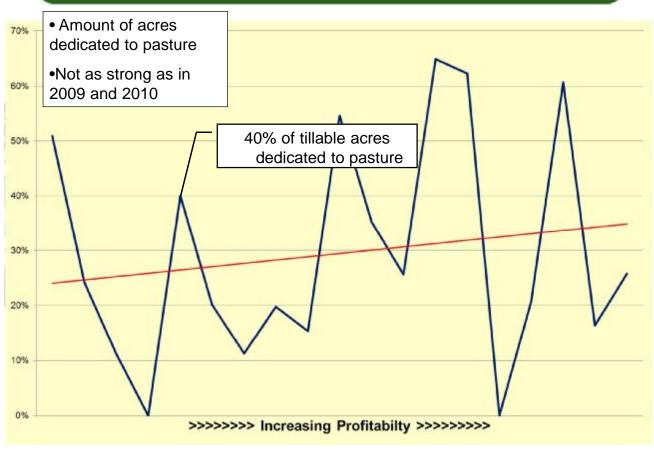
High Profit Group – 2009 to 2010 to 2011

- Flock size growing
 - 651(2009) to 701(2010) to 881(2011)
- Lambs produced per ewe
 - 1.54 (2009) to 1.48 to 1.50(2011)
- Feed cost control
 - \$ 75 per lamb produced to \$69 to \$88 (2011)
- Cost Control
 - \$153 per lamb in 2009 to \$161 to \$196(2011)

KPI 1. Flock Size – Net Income per Ewe



2. Pasture utilization in 2011



3. Cost Control – 2011 & 2010

Table 1. Costs per Lamb Produced

| 5 | | 2011 | | 2011 2010 | |
|---|--------------------------|--------|---------|-----------|---------|
| | Cost | Low 9 | High 10 | Low 10 | High 10 |
| | Total Feed cost – | 148.23 | 87.68 | 106.70 | 69.41 |
| | Home-grown Forage | 76.25 | 41.69 | 56.51 | 29.01 |
| | Building, Fence Repairs | 9.03 | 8.56 | 18.78 | 4.87 |
| | Marketing/Transportation | 8.63 | 6.95 | 7.94 | 7.93 |

Average COP per lamb = \$206 (2010), \$252 (2011)High Profit =\$151(2010), \$196 (2011)

Net Farm Income (Whole Farm) Per Ewe



- Average = \$89 per ewe, 72% of income from sheep
- High 10 = \$191 per ewe, 84% of income sheep
- Cash costs for feed costs home-grown feed costs as expensed not transfer value of crops

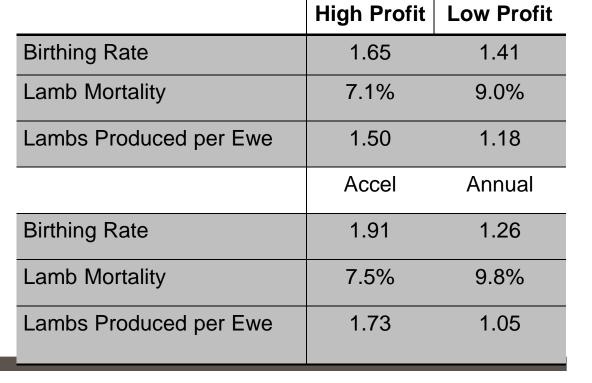
Net Farm Income Per Ewe



Lamb Birth and Mortality Rates

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What's next...

• Update summary/individual reports



– Revisit KPI's

- Resend via email

• Whole Farm/Ewe, Lamb birthing and mortality rates



- over 3 years
- Further webex sessions?



Thank you...Questions??







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