

Lamb Perinatal Mortality Investigation Form

T-2					
Name					
Veterinarian's name					
Date of visit		OSHP#			
	,				
Lamb ID	Litter Size		Date and time of birth		
Lambing (circle one) Unassisted Easy Hard Not observed Date and time of death					
Ewe ID	Ewe age		Body Condition Score (circle one)		
			1 2 3 4 5		
Birth weight	Littermate weight(s)		Condition of ewe's udder		
History					
Date of start of lambing season	Weather last 24 hours (circle one)		Barn conditions (circle one)		
	Adverse Indifferent Fair		Good Fair Bad		
Other comments on history (including any treatments, other losses)					
Summary					
Age of lamb at death (from necropsy obse	ervations and history)				
<u>Stillborn</u>	The state of the s		<u>alive</u>		
Pre-partum Parturient			postpartum Neonatal		
Diagnosis	(birth to 24 hours)	(24 to	o 48 hours) (2 to 30 days)		
Recommendations					

Necropsy Findings						
Indicate relevant findings in appropriate box with a check mark.						
External appearance ☐ meconium stained ☐ wool coat not cleaned ☐ foot pads worn (walked) ☐ congenital abnormalities ☐ perineal staining (diarrhea) Other observations:		Subcutaneous appearance dedema generalized edema localized (e.g. head) petechial haemorrhages of limbs dehydration enlarged thyroid glands (goiter) Other observations:				
Umbilicus ☐ Pointed with clot adhered ☐ Pointed with clot ☐ Blunt – no clot ☐ Omphalophlebitis Other observations:	Fat (epicardial/renal) ☐ present ☐ partially metabolized ☐ fully metabolized (absent) Other observations:		Intestines □ empty □ normal □ milk fat in mesenteric lymphatics □ diarrhea Other observations:			
Lungs ☐ inflated ☐ partially inflated ☐ atelectic ☐ aspiration ☐ pneumonia Other observations:	Abomasum □ empty □ milk/colostrum □ solid feed □ foreign debris Other observations:		Other CNS: Evidence of trauma? Pleural/peritoneal cavity: Evidence of trauma? Musculoskeletal: Kidneys: Adrenal glands: Joints (joint ill?): Other observations:			
Summary of relevant findings						